



Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**HI-003-1172002**

**M. Sc. (Sem. II) Examination**

**April - 2023**

**MS-202 : Planning & Analysis of  
Industrial Experiments**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1172002**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours / Total Marks : 70

**1** Answer briefly any seven of the following questions : **14**

- (1) Write parameters and parametric relation of BIBD.
- (2) Discuss briefly a binary Design with an example.
- (3) What is meant by Confounding ?
- (4) Define a-resolvable BIBD.
- (5) What is the main purpose of running the experiment?
- (6) Explain the concept of connectedness.
- (7) Write the full form of MOLSD.
- (8) What do you mean by complete diallel cross plan ?
- (9) What are the limits of factorial experiments ?
- (10) What is meant by replication ?

**2** Answer any two of the following questions: **14**

- (1) Prove that for any symmetrical BIBD  $(r-\lambda)$  must be a perfect square for even  $v$ .
- (2) Explain Bose Inequality for BIBD.
- (3) Prove that:  $\lambda (v-1) = r (k-1)$

- 3 Answer the following questions: 14
- (a) What are the merits and demerits of balanced confounding? Give a suitable example of balanced confounding with ANOVA.
- (b) Explain  $3^3$  factorial experiments. Write ANOVA table of  $3^2$  factorial experiments.

**OR**

- 3 Answer the following questions: 14
- (a) Write steps of construction of MOLS design. Give an appropriate example.
- (b) Prove that  $\sum_{i=1}^n ni = V - 1$  for partially balanced in complete block design.

- 4 Answer the following questions : 14
- (a) Construct the BIBD using Block section method. Write appropriate example.
- (b) Prove that  $\sum_{i=1}^m ni \lambda i = r (k - 1)$

- 5 Answer any **two** of the following questions : 14
- (1) Construct the BIBD with a series  $v = 15, b = 15, r = 7, k = 7$  and  $\lambda = 3$  using Projective Geometry method.
- (2) Construct the BIBD with a series  $v = n - 1, b = n - 1, r = k = n/2$  and  $\lambda = n/4$  using Hadamard Matrix.
- (3) Construct the BIBD with a series  $v = 4\lambda + 3, b = 4\lambda + 3, r = 2\lambda + 1 = k$  and  $\lambda$ , where  $4\lambda + 3$  is a prime number.
- (4) Construct the CDC plan with parameters  $v = b = 7, r = k = 3, \lambda = 1$  (BIBD) using GF (7).

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